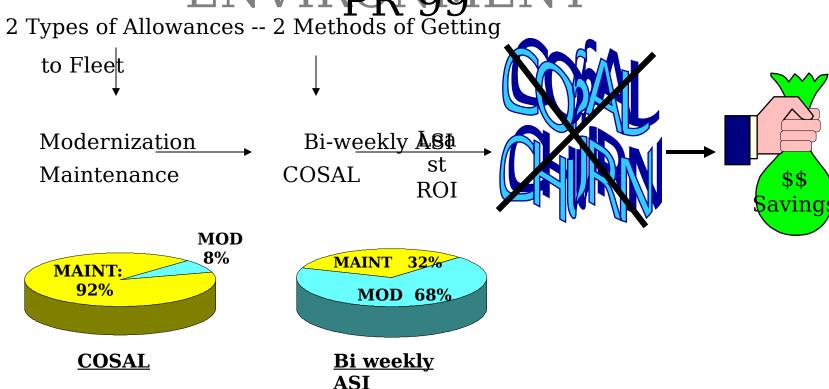
# $m{F}$ OCUSED $m{A}$ LLOWANCE $m{M}$ AINTENANCE $m{S}$ TRATEGY



### ALLOWANCES THE CHANGING



TARGET: ALLOWANCE MAINTENANCE - Revised allowances for existing equipment installations ... CHURN Expense of a "revised bag of spare parts"

with little ROI!

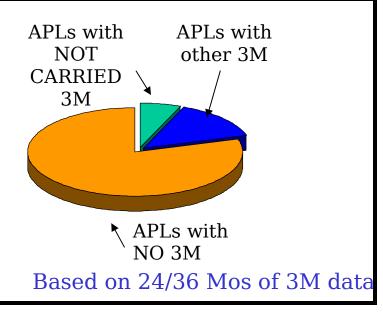
# ALLOWANCES THE CHANGING ENVIRONMENT CDP/ACP

- Initial Solution ... "Bounding"
  - Fix ships with greatest need vs. traditional "ship availability schedules and periodicity"
  - promulgate modernization allowances via ASI
- Tools and Methods
  - COSAL Scheduling Metrics (CSM)
  - Allowance Control Panel (ACP WEB based)
    - TYCOMs are decision makers

# ALLOWANCES Maximizing ROI ... CILS TAT

#### Key Attributes

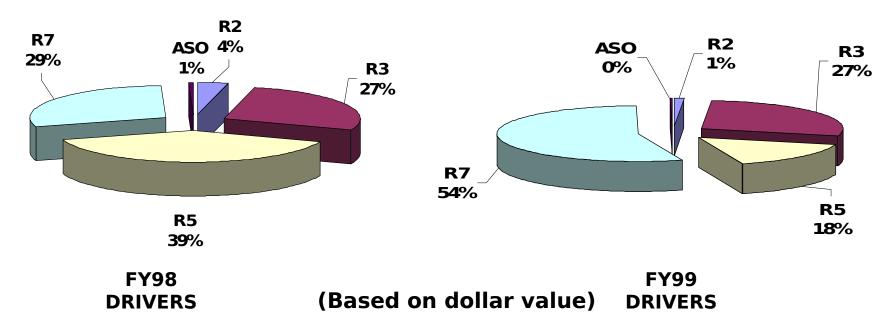
- Limits New Allowances to APLs That Have Had 3M "Not Carried" Item Usage (Problem Equipment)
- Deletes/decreases for Those APLs With No Reported 3M Usage
- Static Allowances for Remainder



- Viable Alternative to Re-COSAL ... NAVSEA MSG R100433Z Jun 98
  - Slightly Better Effectiveness @ Half the Cost & Reduces Churn
  - "FIX" As Many Ships As Possible
- Performance to Date:
  - TAT distributed to 63 units since January 1999

## ALLOWANCES The next step ... minimize ASI Churn

#### **CAUSATIVE FACTORS**



#### **Maintenance R-Trigger Definitions**

- **R2 RIC Supercession**
- R3 New/Revised APL
- **R5 Logistics Support Request**
- **R7 Pen & Ink Changes**

Note: 26% of R3 Triggers were revisions vs new

#### ALLOWANCES

#### Effect of ASI 'Churn' on Readir Reasons to Change

\* MEASURED OBSERVED DEMAND ON ADDS (NIIN SPECIFIC) WITH 15-SHIP SAMPLE...MULTI-TYPE AND CLASS DETERMINED ALLOWANCE EFFECTIVENESS AVERAGE DELTAS RESULTING FROM ADDS:

/BA\*	ALLOWANCE EFFECTIVENESS	Annual\$\$
(M)* ORIGINAL EFFECTIVENESS	72.4%	
MINUS R3 ADDS 3.5	72.4%	\$
MINUS R5 ADDS 5.1	72.3%	\$
MINUS R7 ADDS	72.2%	\$

3.8

...MINIMAL PAYBACK
MINUS ALL MAINTENANCE
\$12.8

72.2%

Very ToweRisk -- Little Effectiveness Impact

#### **ALLOWANCES**

GOAL: Eliminate Random Churn generation ...

demonstrated low ROI

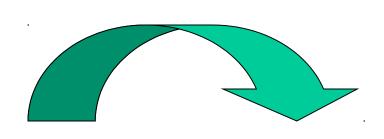
#### **APPROACH**

- Allowance Churn Reduction Initiative (ACRI)
  - NAVSEA Msg 011128Z Nov 99
  - Stop allowance generation for Revised APLs, Pen & Inks, and Logistics Support Requests
  - Continue to generate maintenance and technical data

7

### **FAMS**





**Approach:** Cost of

ASI

Churn

**ASI Churn:** 

0.2% Allowance Effectivenes gain on all Ships

Re-direct resources

#### **FOCUSED ALLOWANCES:**

CILS-TAT

ACIP

Problem Equipments

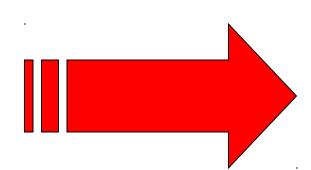
Focus Resources on Specific Problem
Ships - Systems - Parts

# INVESTMENT STRATEGY FOR TOMORROW'S READINESS

**Today** 

Random Churn

Small ROI



TomorrowCSM / CILS-TAT



- Problem Ships
- •ACIP
  - Specific Parts
  - Specific Ships
- Trouble Equipme
  - Specific Equipment
  - Fleetwide

Disciplined Quantitative Approach with Readiness Payb

# FAMS ... Trouble Equipments Possible Approach

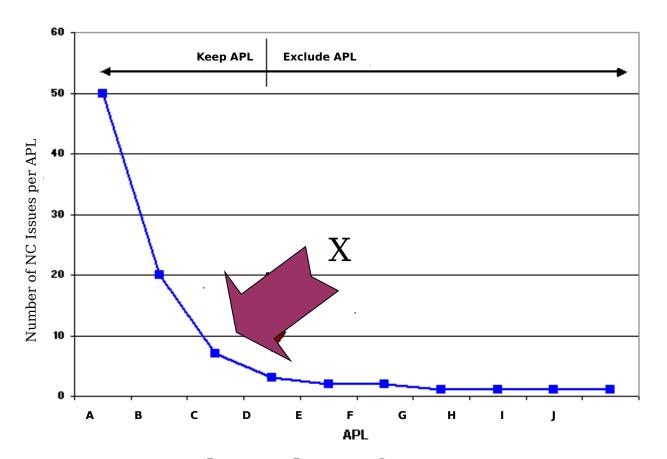
- Evaluate two years worth of Supply Issue and Maintenance records for ship class/ship group where:
  - Deferral Reason Code = 2 (deferred due to lack of parts), AND
  - Source code = G or J (parts are "not carried") & Fund Code = \*R, \*6, \*B, \*3 (funded by ship) Groups:

    \*3 (funded by ship) Groups:

    \*3 (funded by ship) Groups:

    \*4 Ships
- Stratify date of the state of

#### Approach for Identification of Top Problem APLs



- Determine the value of X
   (the point at which the curve starts to "flatline")
- 2. Target only those APLs whose number of issues > value of X

#### **Next steps**

- 1. Refine raw data:
  - Populations Counts
    - From CDMD-OA for fleet and ship class/ship group
    - Normalize data
- Identification of APL to System
  - Pull EIC, EFD, ESD information from CDMD-OA for ship class/ship group to targeted APLs
- CASREP Data
  - Count by Severity for APL and EIC
- 2. Provide data to TYCOMs
  - Select equipments to re-allowance